Neural Parts: Learning Expressive 3D Shape Abstractions with Invertible Neural Networks

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 $https://paschalidoud.github.io/neural_parts$















Reconstruction Accuracy

Primitive-based thar rely on simple shapes require a large number of parts for accurate reconstructions.



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Neural Parts yield accurate and semantic reconstructions using an order of magnitude less parts.



Primitive-based Learning



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Primitives as Homeomorphic Mappings

A homeomorphism is a continuous map between two topological spaces Y and X that preserves all topological properties. In our setup, a homeomorphism $\phi_{\theta} : \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^3$ is

$$\mathbf{x} = \phi_{oldsymbol{ heta}}(\mathbf{y})$$
 and $\mathbf{y} = \phi_{oldsymbol{ heta}}^{-1}(\mathbf{x})$

where x and y are 3D points in X and Y and $\phi_{\theta} : Y \to X, \phi_{\theta}^{-1} : X \to Y$ are continuous bijections.



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Training Neural Parts



- Reconstruction Loss: The surface of the target and the predicted shape should match.
- Occupancy Loss: The volume of the target and the predicted shape should match.
- Normals Consistency Loss: The normals of the target and the predicted shape should match.
- **Overlapping Loss**: Prevents overlapping primitives.
- Coverage Loss: Prevents degenerate primitive arrangements.

Representation Power of Primitive-based Representations



Single-view 3D Reconstruction on D-FAUST



Semantic Consistency of Humans in Motion



Single-view 3D Reconstruction on FreiHAND



Single-view 3D Reconstruction on ShapeNet



Single-view 3D Reconstruction on ShapeNet



Single-view 3D Reconstruction on ShapeNet



Check our project page for code and additional results!



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