#### Learning Unsupervised Hierarchical Part Decomposition of 3D Objects from a Single RGB Image

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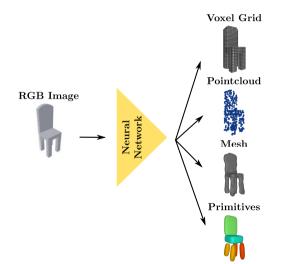
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http://superquadrics.com/hierarchical\_primitives

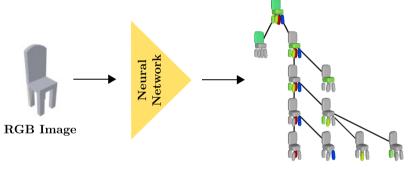


# Motivation

Existing shape representations focus only on reconstructing the geometry of a 3D object without considering its part-based decomposition or relations between parts.

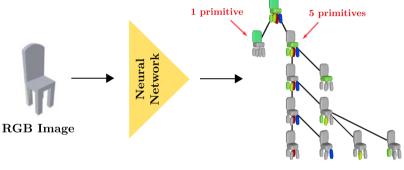


Jointly recovers the geometry and the latent hierarchical layout of an object as an unbalanced binary tree of primitives



**Binary Tree of Primitives** 

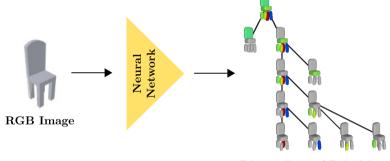
Jointly recovers the geometry and the latent hierarchical layout of an object as an unbalanced binary tree of primitives



**Binary Tree of Primitives** 

where **simple parts** are represented with fewer primitives and **complex parts** with more components.

Jointly recovers the geometry and the latent hierarchical layout of an object as an unbalanced binary tree of primitives.

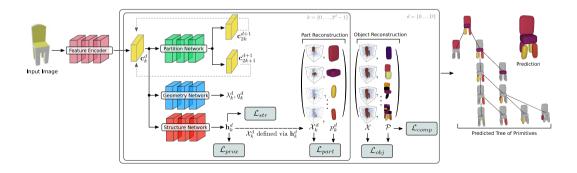


**Binary Tree of Primitives** 

The hierarchical part decomposition is learned without any supervision neither on the object parts nor their structure.

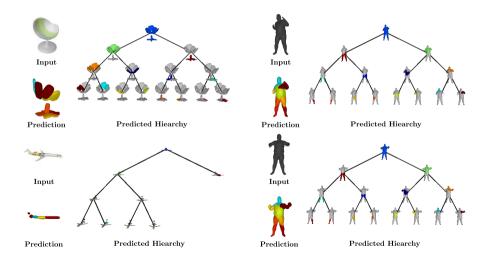
Given an **input** and a **target mesh** represented as a set of occupancy pairs  $\mathcal{X} = \{(\mathbf{x}_i, o_i)\}_{i=1}^N$ , our network predicts **a binary tree of primitives**. For each primitive the network regresses:

- A set of 11 parameters  $\lambda_k^d$  that define the shape, size and position in 3D space of its primitive at each depth level d.
- A reconstruction quality  $q_k^d$ .



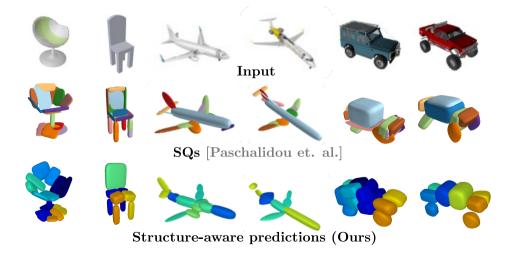
### **Expressive Shape Abstractions**

We evaluate our model on the single view 3D reconstruction task on ShapeNet and D-FAUST.



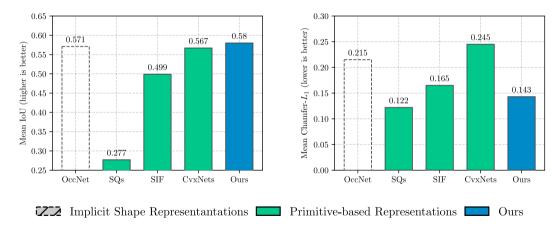
### **Expressive Shape Abstractions**

We show that considering the part decomposition improves the reconstruction quality.



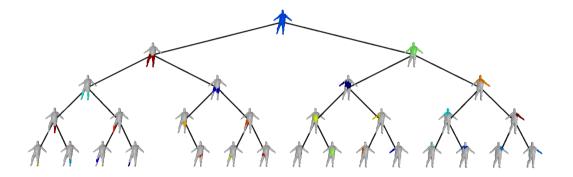
## **Expressive Shape Abstractions**

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#### Semantic Interpretation of Learned Hierarchies

We show that our model recovers **semantic hierarchies** as the same node is consistently used for representing the same object part.



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